拟科蚱属的分类研究及一新种记述 (直翅目:短翼蚱科)

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摘要:拟科蚱属 Cotysoides 建立于 2000 年,该属的主要特征为体小型;头顶前缘突出于复眼之前;触角丝状,着生于复眼前缘下 1/3 处;前胸背板背面密具小瘤突;中隆线波状,形成一连串小突起;后突不超过后足股节顶端;前胸背板侧片外翻,后角顶平截;后翅不达后突顶端;后足跗节第 1 节长于第 3 节。本文记述拟科蚱属 6 种,包括 1 新种,即断隆拟科蚱 Cotysoides interruptus sp. nov. 该新种近似于广西拟科蚱 Cotysoides guangxiensis Zheng et Jiang, 2000,主要区别为:1)头顶为一眼宽的 1.5 倍;2)前胸背板侧片前角钝角形;3)后翅伸达后足股节膝部;4)中足股节宽狭于前翅宽;5)雌性下生殖板后缘中央三角形突出。附有分种检索表、分布及文献引证。新种的模式标本保存于陕西师范大学动物研究所及西南林业大学博物馆。

关键词:直翅目;短翼蚱科;拟科蚱属;分类学;新种

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A review of the genus *Cotysoides* Zheng *et* Jiang (Orthoptera: Metrodoridae), with descriptions of a new species

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Abstract: The genus Cotysoides was erected in 2000, recognizable through the following morphological characters: size small; anterior margin of vertex protruding beyond eyes; antennae inserted in the lower one third level of anterior margin of eyes; disc of pronotum densely covered with small tubercles; median keel undulated, with a series projections; hind process not reaching the top of hind femur; lateral lobe of pronotum turning over outwards, posterior angles truncate; hind wing not reaching the top of hind process; the first segment of hind tarsus longer than the third. This paper reports six species of the genus Cotysoides Zheng et Jiang, including a new species, Cotysoides interruptus sp. nov. The new species is allied to Cotysoides guangxiensis Zheng et Jiang, 2000, but differs in: 1) width of vertex 1.5 times of an eye; 2) top of anterior angle of lateral lobe of pronotum obtuse angular; 3) hind wing reaching the knee of hind femur; 4) width of midfemur narrower than the width of tegmina; 5) hind margin of subgenital plate of female with a triangular projection in the middle. A key to species of Cotysoides is provided. Type specimens are kept in Institute of Zoology, Shaanxi Normal University and the Museum of Southwest Forestry University.

Key words: Orthoptera; Metrodoridae; Cotysoides; taxonomy; new species

拟科蚱属 Cotysoides 为郑哲民和蒋国芳于 2000 年建立,属模式种为分布于广西的 C. guangxiensis Zheng et Jiang, 2000(郑哲民和蒋国芳, 2000);郑哲民和蒋国芳(2003)报道了 C. albipalpulus Zheng et Jiang, 2003;郑哲民等(2010)报道了 C. yunnanensis

Zheng et Mao, 2010, 至此拟科蚱属共计有3种,主要分布于我国广西壮族自治区和云南省。

2010 年我们在云南省怒江地区进行蚱类调查中,发现拟科蚱属 1 个新种,描述如下。本文还对该属进行了修订,并将西藏波蚱 Bolivaritettix

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tibetanus Zheng, 2005 及拟圆头波蚱 B. circocephalosoides Zheng et Deng, 2004 转入拟科蚱属中新种的模式标本保存于陕西师范大学动物研究所及西南林业大学博物馆。

拟科蚱属 Cotysoides Zheng et Jiang, 2000

Cotysoides Zheng et Jiang, 2000, Acta Zootaxonomica Sinica, 25(4): 402; Zheng, 2005, Fauna of Tetrigoidea from Western China, 135; Deng, Zheng & Wei, 2007, Fauna of Tetrigoidea from Yunnan and Guangxi, 126.

模式种: Cotysoides guangxiensis Zheng et Jiang, 2000 体小型。头部略突出或不突出于前胸背板之 上,头顶前缘略突出于复眼之前,头顶与一眼等宽或略大于一眼宽;触角丝状,着生于复眼前缘下1/3处;前胸背板后突楔状,不伸达或伸达后足股节顶端,前胸背板背面密具小瘤突,中隆线呈波状,形成一连串小突起,侧隆线在沟前区收缩或平行,前胸背板侧片向外伸展,顶平截;前翅长卵形,后翅短缩或几伸达后突顶端;后足跗节第1节长于第3节。

随着种类的增加,多样性增多,属征中增加: 头顶宽略大于一眼宽;前胸背板后突伸达后足股节 顶端;沟前区侧隆线平行;后翅几伸达后突顶端。

拟科蚱属分种检索表

1(6)	头顶宽与一眼等宽
2(3)	
3(2)	前胸背板沟前区侧隆线向后收缩;侧片前角钝角形
4(5)	缘中央三角形突出;后足股节下侧外面黑色;后足胫节黑褐色,具2淡色纹
5(4)	前胸背板中隆线断裂,后翅伸达后足股节顶端,中足股节宽狭于前翅宽;雌性下生殖板后缘具3齿;后足
	股节下侧外面与股节同色,后足胫节褐色 ········· 西藏拟科蚌 C. tibetanius (Zheng, 2005), com. nov.
6(1)	
7(8)	
8(7)	头顶宽为一眼宽的 1.4~1.5 倍; 前胸背板侧片前角钝角形
9(10)) 头顶宽为一眼宽的 1.4 倍;侧面观头顶与颜面隆起呈圆形;沟前区侧隆线不明显;后翅伸达后足股节中
	部;中足股节宽为前翅宽的1.6倍;后足胫节黑色,近基部具一淡色环
	························· 拟圆头拟科蚱 C. circocephalosoides (Zheng et Deng, 2004), com. nov.
10(9) 头顶宽为一眼宽的 1.5 倍;侧面观头顶与颜面隆起呈钝角形;沟前区侧隆线向后收缩;后翅伸达后足股
	节膝部;中足股节宽狭于前翅宽;后足胫节褐色 ············ 断隆拟科蚱,新种 C. interruptus sp. nov.
	Key to the species of Cotysoides
1(6)	Width of vertex equal the width of an eye
2(3)	
	hind femur; lower margin of midfemur wave like; hind tibia brown
3(2)	Lateral keels in porozona contracted back ward; top of anterior angle of lateral lobe of pronotum obtuse angular
4(5)	Midkeel of pronotum complete; hind wing reaching two thirds of hind femur; width of midfemur equal the width of
	tegmina; hind margin of subgenital plate in female with a triangular projection in the middle; lower outer side of
	hind femur black; hind tibia black brown with two light ring in the middle
5(4)	Midkeel of pronotum interrupted; hind wing reaching top of hind femur; width of midfemur narrower than the width
	of tegmina, hind margin of subgenital plate in female with three teeth. lower outer side of hind femur not black.

hind tibia brown C. tibetanius (Zheng, 2005), com. nov.

- 6(1) Width of vertex wider than width of an eye
- 8(7) Width of vertex 1.4 1.5 times the width of an eye; top of anterior angle of lateral lobe of pronotum obtuse angular
- 9(10) Width of vertex 1.4 times the width of an eye; vertex and frontal ridge forming a round shape in profile; lateral keels indistinctly in prozona; hind wing reaching middle of hind femur; width of midfemur 1.66 times the width of tegmina; hind tibia black, with a light ring near the base

...... C. circocephalosoides (Zheng et Deng, 2004), com. nov.

1 云南拟科蚌 Cotysoides yunnanensis Zheng et Mao, 2010

Cotysoides yunnanensis Zheng et Mao, 2010, Journal of Dali University, 9(4): 8-9, figs. 13-15.

观察标本: 1♀, 云南: 盈江(铜壁关), 2000-VII-30。

分布:云南(盈江)。

2 白须拟科蚱 Cotysoides albipalpulus Zheng et Jiang, 2003

Cotysoides albipalpulus Zheng et Jiang, 2003, Entomotaxonomia, 25(2): 82-83, figs. 6-8; Zheng, 2005, Fauna of Tetrigoidea from Western China: 138-139, figs. 282-284; Deng, Zheng & Wei, 2007, Fauna of Tetrigoidea from Yunnan and Guangxi: 128-129, figs. 269-271.

观察标本: $6 \delta 9 ♀$,广西: 天峨布柳河岸, 2002-VIII-6; $5 \delta 7 ♀$,广西: 河池, 2007-VIII-21; $1 \delta 3 ♀$,云南: 景东曼湾箐水, 2001-V-28; 1 ♀,云南: 元江, 2006-V-4; 1δ ,云南: 保山百花岭, 2002-IV-14。

分布:广西(天峨、罗城、宜州、南丹、河池); 云南(景东、思茅、涧沧、泸水、保山、元江、瑞丽)。

3 西藏拟科蚌 Cotysoides tibetanius (Zheng, 2005), 新组合 com. nov.

Bolivaritettix tibetanius Zheng, 2005. Fauna of Tetrigoidea from Western China, 181 – 182.

观察标本:1♀, 西藏: 墨脱, 2003-VIII-15. 分布: 西藏(墨脱)。

该种触角着生于复眼前缘下 1/3 处,前胸背板短,背面密具小瘤突,侧面观背板上缘具一连串突起符合拟科蚱属特征,应转移至拟科蚱属中。

4 广西拟科蚌 Cotysoides guangxiensis Zheng et

Jiang, 2000

Cotysoides guangxiensis Zheng et Jiang, 2000, Acta Zootaxonomica Sinica, 25(4): 403, figs. 1-2; Zheng, 2005, Fauna of Tetrigoidea from Western China: 137-138, figs. 280-281; Deng, Zheng and Wei, 2007, Fauna of Tetrigoidea from Yunnan and Guangxi: 127-128, figs. 267-268.

观察标本: $3 \circ 2 \circ$,广西: 金秀六拉, 1997-VII-6; 17 \circ 18 \circ ,广西: 天峨, 2002-VIII-7; $2 \circ 7 \circ$, 广西: 融水泗涧山, 2001-VIII-30; $2 \circ 1 \circ$, 贵州: 荔波, 2003-VII-29。

分布:广西(金秀、靖西、融水、防城、天峨、 罗城、宜州);贵州(荔波)。

5 拟圆头拟科蚱 Cotysoides circocephalosoides (Zheng et Deng, 2004), 新组合 com. nov.

Bolivaritettix circocephalosoides Zheng et Deng, 2004, Entomotaxonomia, 26 (2): 94 - 95; Zheng, 2005, Fauna of Tetrigoidea from Western China: 256 - 257.

观察标本: 1 & , 广西: 河池, 2003- VIII。 分布: 广西(河池)。

该种触角着生于复眼前缘下 1/3 处,前胸背板短,背面密具小瘤突,侧面观背板上缘具一连串突起符合拟科蚱属特征,应转移至拟科蚱属中。

6 断隆拟科蚱, 新种 Cotysoides interruptus sp. nov. (图 1~3)

雌性:体小型,头部不突出于前胸背板水平之上。头顶较宽,其宽度约为一眼宽的1.5倍,中隆线明显,前缘略突出于复眼之前,侧缘反折;侧面观头顶与颜面隆起呈钝角形,颜面隆起纵沟的宽度狭于触角基节宽。触角丝状,着生于复眼前缘下1/3处,16节,中段一节的长度为宽度的4~5倍。复眼圆球形,突出;侧单眼位于复眼前缘上1/3处。前胸背板背面密布大小不等瘤突;前缘平直,中部

微凹,中隆线断裂;侧面观背板上缘呈波状,沟前区侧隆线长,略向后收缩;肩角钝角形,在肩部之间具1对短纵隆线;后突楔状,端部伸达后足股节膝部或顶端;前胸背板侧片外翻,端部截形,其前角钝角形。前翅长卵形,顶宽圆;后翅几伸达后足股节膝部。前、中足股节的下缘略波状,中足股节

的宽度略狭于前翅能见部分的宽度;后足股节粗壮,上侧中隆线具细锯齿;后足胫节外侧具刺12~14个,内侧具刺7~8个;后足跗节第1节长于第3节,第1跗节下之第1、2垫小,顶尖,第3垫大,顶钝。产卵瓣狭长,上瓣之长为宽的4倍,上、下瓣均具细锯齿。下生殖板后缘中央三角形突出。



图 1~3 断隆拟科蚱雌成虫

Figs. 1-3 Female adult of *Cotysoides interruptus* sp. nov.

1. 整体侧面 Body, lateral view; 2. 整体背面 Body, dorsal view; 3. 下生殖板 Subgenital plate.

体黄褐、灰褐色;后翅黑褐色;后足胫节褐色。 雄性:体较雌性为小,身体构造与体色同雌 性;下生殖板短锥形。

体长: 36.0~8.5 mm, \$\partial 10.5~11.5 mm; 前 胸背板长: 37.0~8.0 mm, \$\partial 10.0~10.5 mm; 后 足股节长: 35.5~7.0 mm, \$\partial 6.5~7.5 mm。 正模♀,云南:腾冲(温泉山庄),1 206 m, 2010-07-26,吴雨蹊采;副模9 & 2♀,同正模。

分布:云南(腾冲)。

该新种近似于广西拟科蚱 Cotysoides guangxiensis Zheng et Jiang, 2000, 主要区别为: 1) 头顶宽为一眼宽的 1.5 倍; 2) 前胸背板侧片前角钝 角形; 3)后翅伸达后足股节膝部; 4)中足股节宽狭 于前翅宽; 5)雌性下生殖板后缘中央三角形突出; 6)后足胫节褐色。

词源:新种以拉丁字"interrupt"为名。

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Appendix: Brief descriptions of new taxa

Cotysoides interruptus sp. nov. (Figs. 1-3)

This new species is allied to *Cotysoides guangxiensis* Zheng *et* Jiang, 2000, but differs in: 1) width of vertex 1.5 times of an eye; 2) top of anterior angle of lateral lobe of pronotum obtuse angular; 3) hind wing nearly reaching the knee of hind femur; 4) width of midfemur narrower than the width of tegmina; 5) hind margin of subgenital plate of female with a triangular projection in the middle; 6) hind tibia brown.

Length of body: 36.0 - 8.5 mm, 910.5 - 11.5 mm; Length of pronotum: 37.0 - 8.0 mm, 910.0 - 10.5 mm; Length of hind femur: 55.5 - 7.0 mm, 96.5 - 7.5 mm.

Holotype \mathbb{Q} , Yunnan: Tengchong, 1 206 m, 24°74′N, 98°18′E, July-26-2010, collected by WU Yu-Xi; paratypes 9 \mathbb{O} 2 \mathbb{Q} , same data as holotype.

Etymology: The specific name is derived from the Latin word "interrupt".